Progressive Era Practice

1 "The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of sex . . . ."
— 19th Amendment, United States Constitution

Which group of women worked for the passage of this amendment?

(1) Harriet Tubman, Jane Addams, and Dorothea Dix
(2) Susan B. Anthony, Carrie Chapman Catt, and Elizabeth Cady Stanton
(3) Madeleine Albright, Geraldine Ferraro, and Sandra Day O'Connor
(4) Clara Barton, Amelia Earhart, and Eleanor Roosevelt

2 A goal that was established at the Seneca Falls Convention of 1848 was achieved in 1920 by the

(1) creation of a free public education system
(2) passage of legislation to end child labor
(3) adoption of national woman's suffrage
(4) ratification of an amendment requiring national Prohibition

3 In the period between World War I and World War II, which group made the greatest gains in political rights?

(1) blacks
(2) women
(3) new immigrants
(4) Native American Indians

4 In the late 1800s, which group most often supported the views of the Populist Party?

(1) factory owners   (2) nativists
(3) farmers         (4) labor unions

5 The decision of the Supreme Court in the 1896 Plessy v. Ferguson case is important because it

(1) upheld the legality of sharecropping
(2) denounced the violence of the Ku Klux Klan
(3) approved separate but equal facilities for black Americans
(4) declared slavery to be illegal

6 Jane Addams and Jacob Riis were most notable for their efforts to

(1) treat the wounded in World War I
(2) stop the spread of diseases in Latin America
(3) legalize birth control for women
(4) aid the urban poor

7 The Meat Inspection Act (1906) and the Pure Food and Drug Act (1906) were efforts by the federal government to

(1) protect public health and safety
(2) support business monopolies
(3) restrict foreign competition
(4) regulate child labor

8 Booker T. Washington and W.E.B. Du Bois agreed that African Americans should

(1) use education to gain opportunities
(2) support a “Back to Africa” movement
(3) take part in boycotts to end segregation
(4) adopt a gradual approach to gain the right to vote

9 Which long-awaited goal of the women’s rights movement was achieved during the Progressive Era?

(1) right to vote
(2) right to own property
(3) equal pay for equal work
(4) equal access to employment and education

10 In the United States, a basic assumption of a progressive tax is that

(1) each American should pay an equal share of the tax burden
(2) each family is entitled to a minimum standard of living
(3) people with higher incomes should pay a greater percentage of their income in taxes
(4) ownership of property is the best indicator of a citizen's ability to pay

11 The Federal Reserve System was created to

(1) control the money supply
(2) stimulate trade with other nations
(3) regulate the stock market
(4) fund public works projects
12 A basic feature of a progressive tax is that it takes into account the

(1) value of the programs on which the money will be spent
(2) amount of revenue generated by the tax
(3) costs of administering the tax collection procedures
(4) ability of people to pay the tax

13 Base your answer to the following question on the table below and on your knowledge of social studies.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Party</th>
<th>Candidate</th>
<th>Popular Vote</th>
<th>Electoral Vote</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1912</td>
<td>Democrat</td>
<td>Woodrow Wilson</td>
<td>6,206,214</td>
<td>435</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&quot;Bull Moose&quot;</td>
<td>Theodore Roosevelt</td>
<td>4,120,030</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Republican</td>
<td>William Taft</td>
<td>3,492,922</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Minor Candidates</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,135,697</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1968</td>
<td>Republican</td>
<td>Richard Nixon</td>
<td>31,785,489</td>
<td>301</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Democrat</td>
<td>Hubert Humphrey</td>
<td>31,275,186</td>
<td>191</td>
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<td></td>
<td>American Independent</td>
<td>George Wallace</td>
<td>9,506,473</td>
<td>46</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Minor Candidates</td>
<td></td>
<td>165,662</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

What is the best explanation of the 1912 election results?

(1) Americans were unwilling to support third party candidates.
(2) Woodrow Wilson benefited from a split in the Republican Party.
(3) Americans did not want to change Presidents while the country was at war.
(4) Minor candidates shifted the victory from Theodore Roosevelt to Woodrow Wilson.

14 Lucretia Mott, Susan B. Anthony, and Elizabeth Cady Stanton are most closely associated with the idea that

(1) alcohol should be prohibited since it damages society
(2) settlement houses should be built to help educate immigrants
(3) national parks should be created by the Federal government
(4) suffrage should be granted to women
Progressive Era Practice

Base your answers to questions 15 and 16 on the cartoon below and on your knowledge of social studies.

(1) The demand for cotton became high during the first World War.
(2) Climatic changes in other cotton-growing nations greatly reduced their cotton crops.
(3) American cotton became more resistant to destructive insect pests.
(4) New styles of clothing required large amounts of cotton.

15 Between 1914 and 1916, which factor helped bring about the change in the financial position of the cotton farmer as shown in the cartoon?

(1) sharecropping  (2) government subsidies  (3) subsistence farming  (4) a single-crop economy

16 Cotton farmers in the South experienced the situation shown in the cartoon because of the region's reliance on

(1) sharecropping  (2) government subsidies  (3) subsistence farming  (4) a single-crop economy

17 Which statement best reflects a political belief of the Progressives?

(1) The government needs to regulate big business to protect consumers and workers.
(2) Patronage and special interests keep the wheels of government turning.
(3) The purpose of politics is to benefit the educated and the wealthy – those people whose interests really matter.
(4) Beyond maintaining the peace and protecting private property, government should not involve itself in economic issues.
18 Base your answer on the cartoon below and on your knowledge of social studies.

The cartoon illustrates President Theodore Roosevelt's attempt to
(1) ignore antitrust laws
(2) conserve natural resources
(3) limit the power of monopolies
(4) eliminate foreign ownership of United States corporations

19 Women gained a victory in the “war” shown in the cartoon through the
(1) ratification of a constitutional amendment
(2) legalization of birth control
(3) expansion of missionary activities overseas
(4) repeal of national Prohibition

20 The “Holy War” illustrated in the cartoon was an effort to
(1) recruit women soldiers
(2) promote world peace
(3) ban the sale of alcoholic beverages
(4) spread Christian religious beliefs
21. During the early 1900's, the initiative, recall, and referendum were changes made in many states to give

(1) citizens the right to choose Presidential candidates
(2) voters greater direct participation in government
(3) workers more rights in the collective bargaining process
(4) business leaders more control over their industries

22. During the first three decades of the twentieth century, what was the main reason many African-Americans left the South?

(1) The Dawes Act made free land available in the West.
(2) More factory jobs were available in the North.
(3) Many white landowners refused to accept them as sharecroppers.
(4) Racial discrimination did not occur in states outside the South.

23. Many reformers who opposed the laissez-faire attitude of the late 19th century argued that

(1) the National Government should not interfere in the activities of big business
(2) national wealth could best be assured by the accumulation of gold
(3) the idea of rugged individualism is vital to the nation's economic growth
(4) government should protect society through the regulation of business

Base your answers to questions 24 and 25 on the speakers' statements below and on your knowledge of social studies.

Speaker A: The best way to prevent corruption in government is to allow citizens a direct role in the legislative process.

Speaker B: Breaking up trusts and monopolies will increase business competition.

Speaker C: An important goal of the federal government should be the protection of our natural resources.

Speaker D: Government will only improve when women are granted full suffrage.

24. Which two speakers' viewpoints reflect actions taken by Theodore Roosevelt when he was president (1901-1909)?

(1) A and B
(2) B and C
(3) C and D
(4) D and A

25. Which speaker's statement is most directly related to the political concepts of initiative, referendum, and recall?

(1) congressional attempts to limit Presidential power
(2) efforts that failed to regulate government spending
(3) scandals that damaged the reputations of various Presidents
(4) foreign policies designed to contain the spread of communism

26. Credit Mobilier, Teapot Dome, and Watergate are all examples of

(1) adoption of the gold standard
(2) elimination of racial segregation laws in the South
(3) creation of a graduated income tax and the direct election of Senators
(4) establishment of higher protective tariffs on manufactured goods

27. Although the Populist Party failed to elect its candidates to the Presidency, some of the Party's aims were later achieved by the

(1) adoption of the gold standard
(2) elimination of racial segregation laws in the South
(3) creation of a graduated income tax and the direct election of Senators
(4) establishment of higher protective tariffs on manufactured goods
28 A valid generalization about reform movements throughout United States history is that
(1) reform movements have failed to use the media effectively
(2) most successful reform movements affect relatively few people
(3) many reform movements have led to long-lasting changes in society
(4) most reform movements have had little impact on the economy

29 The national effort to ratify the women's suffrage amendment was strengthened by
(1) the economic opportunities created by World War I
(2) public outrage over corruption in the Federal Government
(3) a backlash against the adoption of national Prohibition
(4) active support from the nation's business leaders

30 The Jim Crow legal system, which expanded in the South after Plessy v. Ferguson (1896), was based on the Supreme Court’s interpretation of the
(1) due process clause of the 5th Amendment
(2) states’ rights provision of the 10th Amendment
(3) equal protection clause in the 14th Amendment
(4) voting rights provision in the 15th Amendment

31 Booker T. Washington and W.E.B. Du Bois shared the belief that African Americans should
(1) use force to bring an immediate end to segregation in public facilities
(2) pursue education as the key to improving social status
(3) recognize that the growth of labor unions was the major barrier to economic advancement
(4) strive for immediate social equality with whites

32 Base your answer on the quotation below, in which Jane Addams describes Chicago in the early 1900's, and on your knowledge of social studies.

"Between Halsted Street and the river live about ten thousand Italians... To the south on Twelfth Street are many Germans, and side streets are given over almost entirely to Polish and Russian Jews. Still farther south, these Jewish colonies merge into a huge Bohemian colony."
Which term most accurately applies to the situation described by Jane Addams?
(1) social mobility (2) populism (3) cultural pluralism (4) individualism

33 The muckrakers of the Progressive Era and the investigative reporters of the 1970's and 1980's are similar in that both
(1) sought to document corruption in United States life
(2) advocated fewer government controls on the economy
(3) tried to increase the spirit of patriotism
(4) called for expanded aid to economically less developed nations

34 Trustbusting, the suffragettes, and the Pure Food and Drug Act are associated with the
(1) New Deal (2) Progressive Era (3) return to "normalcy" (4) Great Society

35 The women's rights movement in the early 20th century focused its efforts primarily on securing
(1) a cabinet position for a woman (2) reform of prisons (3) civil rights for all minorities (4) suffrage for women
Progressive Era Practice

36 Which heading best completes the partial outline below?

I. _____________________
   A. Direct election of senators
   B. Federal income tax
   C. National woman's suffrage
(1) Progressive Era Constitutional Amendments
(2) Steps to Promote Civil Rights
(3) Municipal and State Actions
(4) Changes During World War I

37 The Federal Reserve Act of 1913 was intended to
   (1) create a national parks system
   (2) regulate the stock market
   (3) control the nation’s money supply
   (4) establish homelands for Native American Indians

38 Jacob Riis, Ida Tarbell, and Margaret Sanger are best known for their efforts to
   (1) create awareness about social problems
   (2) gain support for the women's movement
   (3) expand the rights of Native American Indians
   (4) win equal treatment for African Americans

39 Ida Tarbell, Upton Sinclair, and Frank Norris all shared a belief that
   (1) monopolies were necessary for businesses to survive
   (2) reform was needed to control the abuses of business
   (3) the government should follow a laissez-faire policy
   (4) the public was unlikely to respond to calls for reform

40 Elizabeth Cady Stanton and Lucretia Mott were best known for their struggle to
   (1) prohibit the manufacture and sale of alcohol
   (2) form labor unions
   (3) secure the right of women to vote
   (4) expose government corruption

41 A major purpose of the Progressive movement (1900–1917) was to
   (1) stimulate the economy
   (2) support government control of factory production
   (3) encourage immigration from southern and eastern Europe
   (4) correct the economic and social abuses of industrial society

42 A main characteristic of third parties in United States political history is that they have generally
   (1) embraced a broad range of issues
   (2) addressed issues that have been avoided by the major parties
   (3) gained support by ignoring controversial issues
   (4) taken enough votes away from one major party to assure victory to the other major party

43 The main goal of the women's rights movement in the early 20th century was to achieve
   (1) the right to vote
   (2) equal pay for equal work
   (3) the freedom to practice birth control
   (4) the end of discrimination in hiring

44 During the Progressive Era, public demands for direct consumer protection resulted in passage of the
   (1) Pure Food and Drug Act
   (2) Fair Labor Standards Act
   (3) Underwood Tariff
   (4) income tax amendment
45 Base your answer on the cartoon below and on your knowledge of social studies.

The main point of the cartoon is that

(1) the Internal Revenue Service was unfair to taxpayers
(2) early income tax laws were welcomed by all Americans
(3) some Americans resisted the income tax amendment
(4) income tax laws had little effect on the economy

46 In the late 1800's, which was most effective in bringing about a tax-supported public school system in the United States?

(1) congressional support for free public education
(2) immigrants' demands for education for their children
(3) need for vocational education
(4) the idea that an educated populace benefited everyone

47 Base your answer to the following questions on the chart below and on your knowledge of social studies.

| States and Territories Fully Enfranchising Women Prior to the 19th Amendment |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| **State**                      | **Date Begun**  |
| Territory of Wyoming           | 1869            |
| Wyoming                        | 1890            |
| Colorado                       | 1893            |
| Utah                           | 1896            |
| Idaho                          | 1896            |
| Arizona                        | 1912            |
| Washington                     | 1910            |
| California                     | 1911            |
| Kansas                         | 1912            |
| Oregon                         | 1912            |
| Territory of Alaska            | 1913            |
| Montana                        | 1914            |
| Nevada                         | 1914            |
| New York                       | 1917            |
| Michigan                       | 1918            |
| Oklahoma                       | 1918            |
| South Dakota                   | 1918            |


Which conclusion about woman's suffrage is best supported by the information in the chart?

(1) Congress did not allow women to vote in the territories.
(2) Before 1917, many of the western states had granted women the right to vote.
(3) The United States Supreme Court had to approve a woman's right to vote in each state.
(4) Women were permitted to vote only in state elections.
48 The most significant effect of minor political parties in the United States is that they have
(1) elected many of their party leaders to the Presidency
(2) had little impact on the major parties
(3) suggested reform ideas that later became laws
(4) influenced only local levels of government

49 The works of Upton Sinclair, Frank Norris, and Lincoln Steffens popularized the idea that
(1) government should not interfere in the lives of individual citizens
(2) newspapers should not try to change public policy
(3) women needed equal political rights to become full citizens
(4) problems in government and industry needed to be corrected

50 Workers paid weekly wage of $2.00
- Immigrants work for lower wages
- Unsafe conditions in tenements and sweat shops
- Attitude of “captains of industry” toward workers' problems

In a history textbook, the items on this list would most likely appear in a chapter about the working conditions in what historical era?
(1) the colonial period under British rule
(2) the South before the Civil War
(3) the age of big business from 1865 through the early 1900s
(4) the economic recession following World War II

51 Which government action is most closely associated with the efforts of muckrakers?
(1) ratification of the woman's suffrage amendment
(2) approval of the graduated income tax
(3) creation of the National Forest Service
(4) passage of the Meat Inspection Act

52 The United States Government economic policy shifted away from laissez-faire in the early 1900's. The main reason for this shift was the desire to
(1) increase government ownership of major industries
(2) make the United States more competitive with foreign economies
(3) coordinate the economy for a war effort
(4) reduce the abuses of big business

53 In the early 1900s, the muckrakers provided a service to the American public by
(1) calling for a strong military buildup
(2) lobbying for less government regulation of business
(3) exposing abuses in government and industry
(4) encouraging states to resist federal government authority

54 Base your answer to the following question on the statements below and on your knowledge of social studies.

Speaker A: The [African American] demands equality — political equality, industrial equality, and social equality; and he is never going to be satisfied with anything less.

Speaker B: Equal but separate accommodations for the white and colored races is for the preservation of the public peace and good order.

Speaker C: Vocational training will provide the means for African Americans to gain the civil liberties they deserve.

Speaker D: The best answer for the equality of the [African American] lies in a return to his homeland in Africa.

Which speaker most strongly agrees with the beliefs of W. E. B. Du Bois?
(1) A (2) B (3) C (4) D
55 Which argument was used by Progressive Era reformers to support the use of a graduated income tax?

(1) Imports should be taxed to make foreign goods more expensive than domestic goods.
(2) Taxes on corporations should be reduced so jobs can be created.
(3) People who earn more money should pay taxes at higher rates.
(4) All citizens should be taxed at the same rate to treat all people equally.

56 An important political aim of the Progressive movement was to

(1) guarantee government jobs for the unemployed
(2) stimulate democratic reforms such as the initiative and the referendum
(3) create a unicameral national legislature
(4) increase the participation of African Americans in the Federal Government

57 *The Jungle*, *The Octopus*, and *The Shame of the Cities* are all books that were written to

(1) support the formation of a new political party
(2) promote environmental conservation
(3) encourage reform in business and government
(4) express opinions concerning imperialist

58 The major purpose of the Monroe Doctrine (1823) was to

(1) create a military alliance for the defense of North America
(2) guarantee democratic governments in Latin America
(3) secure new colonies in the Caribbean
(4) limit European influence in the Western Hemisphere
Base your answer to question on the poster below and on your knowledge of social studies.

The main goal of Americanization schools was to

1. enforce segregation
2. promote assimilation
3. reinforce stereotypes
4. encourage cultural diversity

The Supreme Court decision in the case of *Plessy v. Ferguson* (1896) affected civil rights in the United States by

1. ruling that segregated public schools were unconstitutional
2. rejecting the legal basis of Jim Crow laws
3. approving racial segregation in public facilities
4. strengthening the protections of the 14th amendment

During the latter part of the 19th century, which two groups would most likely have agreed that the Federal Government should regulate industry?

1. railroad owners and homesteaders
2. environmentalists and Native American Indians
3. laborers and farmers
4. bankers and industrialists
62 Which statement best expresses the melting pot theory as it relates to American society?

(1) Only European immigrants will be allowed into the United States.
(2) All immigrant groups will maintain their separate cultures.
(3) Different cultures will blend to form a uniquely American culture.
(4) Immigrant ghettos will develop in urban areas.

63 Base your answer to question on the cartoon below and on your knowledge of social studies.

**TWO MORE BRIGHT SPOTS ON THE MAP**

Information in the cartoon most clearly supports the conclusion that by 1914

(1) states along the East Coast had granted full voting rights to women
(2) women could vote only in state elections
(3) most states had approved at least some voting rights for women
(4) complete national suffrage for women had been achieved

64 In 1920, women gained the right to vote as a result of a

(1) presidential order
(2) Supreme Court decision
(3) national election
(4) constitutional amendment

65 The best evidence that third or minor political parties have had a significant influence on United States history is that frequently

(1) minor political parties have succeeded in dominating most state governments even though they could not control the Federal Government
(2) the membership of Congress has been so divided among several political parties that Congress could take no effective action
(3) many of the proposals of minor parties have been passed into law
(4) a minor party has replaced one of the two major parties

66 The Supreme Court decision in *Plessy v. Ferguson* (1896) upheld a state law that had

(1) banned the hiring of Chinese workers
(2) established racial segregation practices
(3) outlawed the use of prison inmate labor
(4) forced Native American Indians to relocate to reservations

67 Booker T. Washington and W.E.B. DuBois differed in their approach to equality for African Americans mainly in regard to the

(1) speed with which African Americans could expect integration and social change to occur
(2) use of violence to achieve their goals
(3) importance of voting rights and education
(4) necessity of African Americans to help themselves

68 In the period from 1890 to 1920, which development was the result of the other three?

(1) set tariff rates
(2) regulate the money supply
(3) achieve balanced budgets
(4) restrict the gold supply

69 A similarity between the Bank of the United States, created in 1791, and the present-day Federal Reserve System is that both were established to

(1) set tariff rates
(2) regulate the money supply
(3) achieve balanced budgets
(4) restrict the gold supply
Progressive Era Practice

70 One responsibility of the Federal Reserve System is to

(1) balance the federal budget
(2) raise or lower income taxes
(3) control the supply of money
(4) regulate the stock market

71 Which social movement was most affected by World War I?

(1) repealing Prohibition
(2) ending restrictions on immigration
(3) adopting women's suffrage
(4) providing aid to the unemployed

72 The Supreme Court decision in Plessy v. Ferguson (1896) affected African Americans by

(1) granting voting rights
(2) expanding civil rights
(3) upholding racial segregation
(4) guaranteeing equal wages

73 Which term best describes Theodore Roosevelt, John Muir, and Gifford Pinchot?

(1) philanthropists
(2) conservationists
(3) yellow journalists
(4) captains of industry

74 Why were the Interstate Commerce Act (1887) and the Sherman Antitrust Act (1890) created by the Federal Government?

(1) to regulate some aspects of business
(2) to expand the positive features of the trusts
(3) to favor big business over small companies
(4) to move toward government ownership of key industries

75 In the late 19th and early 20th centuries, a major goal of the American Federation of Labor (AFL) was to

(1) end restrictions on child labor
(2) admit women to the industrial workforce
(3) improve wages and working conditions
(4) join all workers into a single union

76 Which type of federal tax was authorized by the 16th amendment in 1913?

(1) excise
(2) import
(3) income
(4) estate

77 Which event of the early 1900's is evidence that Upton Sinclair's novel The Jungle had an important impact on the United States?

(1) adoption of reforms in public education
(2) passage of legislation limiting immigration
(3) adoption of the 18th amendment establishing Prohibition
(4) passage of legislation requiring Federal inspection of meat

78 Why was the Clayton Antitrust Act passed?

(1) to restore business competition
(2) to end stock market speculation
(3) to prosecute corrupt labor unions
(4) to break up city political party machines

79 In the United States, the major role of third parties has been to

(1) elect Presidents
(2) try to destroy the two-party system
(3) regulate the Federal Government
(4) voice the concerns held by political minorities
Progressive Era Practice

80 Base your answer to the following question on the map below and on your knowledge of social studies.

![Labor's Struggle for Justice, 1880 – 1920](map)

Which generalization about labor unions in the United States is most clearly supported by information on the map?

1. The federal government supported labor union activities.
2. Strikes by labor unions were often suppressed by government actions.
3. Labor union membership was limited to mine workers.
4. State governments offered to arbitrate labor disputes.

81 The graduated income tax was favored by Progressive reformers because it

1. fell equally on all persons
2. was based on the ability to pay
3. made possible a balanced budget
4. provided equal benefits for all persons

82 Which would be the most appropriate heading for this list?

I.

A. Transition from laissez faire to government regulation
B. Democratic reforms of corrupt political practices
C. Concern for the problems of workers and urban dwellers

1. Reconstruction  2. Progressive Era
3. Cold War Era   4. New Frontier
Progressive Era Practice

83 What was the major purpose of the Sherman Antitrust Act (1890) and the Clayton Antitrust Act (1914)?

(1) reducing government involvement in the economy
(2) promoting fair competition between businesses
(3) guaranteeing collective bargaining rights
(4) increasing foreign imports

84 The concept of comparable worth, or equal pay for equal work, is most closely associated with the movement to

(1) promote equality for working women
(2) enact child labor laws
(3) gain equality for African Americans
(4) increase labor union membership

85 Dorothea Dix, Jane Addams, and Jacob Riis were all known as

(1) muckrakers
(2) suffragettes
(3) political leaders
(4) social reformers

86 Reform legislation of the Progressive Era provided for

(1) increased direct participation in government
(2) employment for the poor
(3) tax incentives for business investment
(4) the elimination of racial segregation in public places

87 The actions of muckrakers in the late 19th century and early 20th century resulted in

(1) Supreme Court decisions that expanded the right to vote
(2) government regulation of unfair business practices
(3) increases in the power of monopolies
(4) reduction of the president’s power to manage the economy

88 Support for civil service reform in the 1880's was a reaction to the

(1) abuses in the electoral college system
(2) principle of separation of powers
(3) spoils system
(4) gold standard

89 What was a major reason most western states granted women suffrage prior to the adoption of the 19th amendment?

(1) Western states had more college-educated women than the eastern states.
(2) Women outnumbered men in states west of the Mississippi River.
(3) A majority of western states had legislatures controlled by women.
(4) The important roles played by frontier women promoted equality.

90 The National Bank proposed by Alexander Hamilton in 1790 and the Federal Reserve System established in 1913 are similar in that both

(1) provided low-interest loans to farmers
(2) were declared unconstitutional by the United States Supreme Court
(3) had as their primary responsibility the regulation of the stock market
(4) sought to provide a sound currency for the nation

91 "...We therefore formulate, and for ourselves adopt the following pledge, asking our sisters and brothers of a common danger and a common hope, to make common cause with us, in working its reasonable and helpful precepts [principles] into the practice of everyday life.

I hereby solemnly promise, God helping me, to abstain from all distilled, fermented and malt liquors, including wine, beer and cider, and to employ all proper means to discourage the use of and traffic in the same...."

— National Woman's Christian Temperance Union, 1908 (adapted)

According to this passage, those who adopted this pledge believed that

(1) religion had no place in national politics
(2) Congress should repeal Prohibition
(3) alcohol consumption was damaging to society
(4) only the government can solve social problems
Progressive Era Practice

92 During the Progressive Era, the muckrakers were most effective in reaching the public through their

(1) novels and articles in the popular press
(2) leadership roles in powerful corporations
(3) congressional proposals
(4) participation in political campaigns

93 The Federal Reserve System contributes to economic stability and growth by

(1) controlling prices and wages
(2) controlling the money supply and the availability of credit
(3) regulating the purchase and sale of stocks and bonds
(4) regulating the flow of exports and imports

94 The Progressive movement was most concerned with

(1) helping the nation adapt to the social and economic changes resulting from industrialization
(2) expanding the civil rights of minorities
(3) healing the split caused by the Civil War and Reconstruction
(4) controlling the swings in the business cycle

95 "...the American continents, by the free and independent condition which they have assumed and maintain, are henceforth not to be considered as subjects for future colonization by any European powers ...."

– President James Monroe, 1823

Which President later built on the idea expressed in this quotation?

(1) Abraham Lincoln
(2) Theodore Roosevelt
(3) Harry Truman
(4) Richard Nixon

96 Base your answer to question on the cartoon below and on your knowledge of social studies.

WOMAN’S HOLY WAR
Grand Charge on the Enemy’s Works

Source: Currier and Ives, c. 1874, Library of Congress
(adapted)

This cartoon is expressing support for

(1) the Populist crusade
(2) woman's suffrage
(3) national Prohibition
(4) protective tariffs

97 Which statement best summarizes President Theodore Roosevelt’s views about conservation?

(1) Environmental issues are best decided by the private sector.
(2) Unlimited access to natural resources is the key to business growth.
(3) Wilderness areas and their resources should be protected for the public good.
(4) Decisions about the use of natural resources should be left to the states.
98 Which is a logical outgrowth of the philosophy of the Progressive Era?

(1) the deregulation of key industries  
(2) the creation of the Environmental Protection Agency  
(3) the emphasis on supply-side economics  
(4) the mergers of large corporations

99 Which statement best summarizes the perspective of President Theodore Roosevelt concerning natural resources?

(1) Decisions about conservation are best left to the states.  
(2) Corporations can be trusted to use natural resources wisely.  
(3) The federal government must protect the nation's lands from exploitation.  
(4) The free market should set the value of the nation's natural resources.

100 The photographs of Jacob Riis are most closely associated with the

(1) battlefields of the Civil War  
(2) living conditions of the urban poor  
(3) plight of sharecroppers in the South  
(4) victims of the Dust Bowl on the Great Plains

101 An important role of third parties in United States history has been to

(1) mirror the platforms of the two major political parties  
(2) prevent the electoral college from giving any one Presidential candidate a majority  
(3) call attention to certain issues that were not emphasized by the two major parties  
(4) support minority-group candidates

102 Elizabeth Cady Stanton and Lucretia Mott were best noted for their struggle to

(1) prohibit the manufacture and sale of alcohol  
(2) abolish slavery  
(3) secure the right of women to vote  
(4) expose government corruption

103 Which reform idea was a common goal of the Populists and the Progressives?

(1) restoration of the nation’s cities  
(2) expansion of opportunities for immigrants  
(3) improvement in the status of African Americans  
(4) greater control of government by the people

104 A goal set at the Seneca Falls Convention (1848) was achieved during the Progressive Era by the

(1) formation of the federal Food and Drug Administration  
(2) creation of the League of Nations  
(3) adoption of a national income tax  
(4) ratification of the woman’s suffrage amendment

105 Which president was known as a trustbuster?

(1) George Washington  
(2) Calvin Coolidge  
(3) Theodore Roosevelt  
(4) Dwight Eisenhower
May 13, 1958

The President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

My dear Mr. President:

I was sitting in the audience at the Summit Meeting of Negro [African-American] Leaders yesterday when you said we must have patience. On hearing you say this, I felt like standing up and saying, "Oh no! Not again." ...

17 million Negroes cannot do as you suggest and wait for the hearts of men to change. We want to enjoy now the rights that we feel we are entitled to as Americans. This we cannot do unless we pursue aggressively goals which all other Americans achieved over 150 years ago.

As the chief executive of our nation, I respectfully suggest that you unwittingly crush the spirit of freedom in Negroes by constantly urging forbearance [delay] and give hope to those pro-segregation leaders like Governor [Orval] Faubus who would take from us even those freedoms we now enjoy. Your own experience with Governor Faubus is proof enough that forbearance and not eventual integration is the goal the pro-segregation leaders seek....

Respectfully yours,
Jackie Robinson

Source: National Archives Records Administration

When Jackie Robinson mentions President Dwight D. Eisenhower's experience with Governor Faubus, he is referring to the action the president took in

(1) hiring minority workers to build the interstate highway system
(2) sending federal troops to Central High School in Little Rock, Arkansas
(3) supporting the Montgomery bus boycott
(4) ordering that all military bases located in southern states be integrated
107 Base your answer to the following question on the map below.

**Suffrage Legislation, 1890–1919**

What does the map show about woman's suffrage legislation before ratification of the federal woman's suffrage amendment in 1920?

(1) Opposition to woman's suffrage was strongest in the New England states.
(2) New York was the first state to grant women the right to vote in state elections.
(3) State legislatures never gave women the right to vote.
(4) Many western states granted women suffrage before passage of the 19th amendment.

108 A common characteristic of third political parties in the United States is that they

(1) tend to focus on one person or one issue
(2) come into existence only during periods of corruption
(3) have dealt mainly with foreign policy issues
(4) have frequently forced Congress to decide Presidential elections

109 In *How the Other Half Lives*, Jacob Riis described the living conditions of

(1) workers in urban slums
(2) African Americans in the segregated South
(3) the rich in their mansions
(4) Native American Indians on reservations
110 Base your answer to the following question on the map below and on your knowledge of social studies.

According to the map, in which region of the United States did women receive the most support for equal suffrage before passage of the 19th amendment?

(1) East  (2) North  
(3) South  (4) West

111 A major purpose of the Federal Reserve System is to

(1) deal with the trade deficit through tariffs and quotas
(2) control the minimum wage
(3) establish the Federal budget
(4) regulate interest rates and the money supply

112 Theodore Roosevelt, Woodrow Wilson, and Robert M. LaFollette are all considered progressives because they

(1) supported the formation of the first trade union
(2) used Presidential power to break up strikes
(3) worked to limit the power of big business
(4) formed the first civil rights organizations